

HUMAN STEM CELL FACTOR RECEPTOR (CD117) ELISA

Product Data Sheet

Cat. No.: RGP005R

For Research Use Only

Page 1 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

CONTENTS

1.	INTENDED USE	3
2.	PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD	3
3.	REAGENTS PROVIDED AND RECONSTITUTION	4
4.	MATERIAL REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED	5
5.	SAFETY	5
6.	PROCEDURAL NOTES/LAB. QUALITY CONTROL	5
7.	SPECIMEN COLLECTION, PROCESSING AND STORAGE	6
8.	PREPARATION OF REAGENTS	7
9.	ASSAY METHOD	8
10.	SUGGESTED PLATE SCHEME	10
11.	DATA ANALYSIS	11
12.	LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE	12
13.	PERFORMANCES AND CHARACTERISTICS	12
14	ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY	13

- This kit is manufactured by:
 BioVendor Laboratorní medicína a.s.
- Use only the current version of Product Data Sheet enclosed with the kit!

Page 2 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

1. INTENDED USE

The Human Stem Cell Factor Receptor (CD117) ELISA is to be used for research use only quantitative determination of Stem Cell Factor receptor molecule (CD117) in human serum, plasma, buffered solutions or cell culture medium. This kit has been configured for research use only and is not to be used in diagnostic procedures.

2. PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

The CD117 Kit is a solid phase sandwich Enzyme Linked-Immuno- Sorbent Assay (ELISA). A monoclonal antibody specific for CD117 has been coated onto the wells of the microtiter strips provided. Samples, including standards of known CD117 concentrations, specimens and unknowns are pipetted into these wells.

During the first incubation, the CD117 antigen and a biotinylated monoclonal antibody specific for CD117 are simultaneously incubated.

After washing, the enzyme (streptavidin-peroxydase) is added. After incubation and washing to remove all the unbound enzyme, a substrate solution which is acting on the bound enzyme is added to induce a coloured reaction product. The intensity of this coloured product is directly proportional to the concentration of CD117 present in the samples.

Page 3 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

3. REAGENTS PROVIDED AND RECONSTITUTION

REAGENTS (Store at 2-8°C)	COLOUR CODE	Quantity	State
Antibody Coated Microtiter Strips		96 wells	Ready to use
Plastic cover		2	
Standard: 10 pg/ml	Yellow	2 vials	Reconstitute with the volume of standard diluent indicated on the vial. (See Reagents Preparation on page 7)
Control	Silver	2 vials	Reconstitute with the volume of standard diluent indicated on the vial. (See Reagents Preparation on page 2)
Standard Diluent buffer	Black	1 vial (25 ml)	10X concentrate. Dilute in distilled Water.
Biotinylated anti-CD117	Red	1 vial (0.4 ml)	Dilute in biotinylated antibody diluent
Biotinylated Antibody Diluent	Red	1 vial (7.5 ml)	Ready to use
Streptavidin-HRP		2 vials (5 μl)	0.5 ml of HRP-Diluent before further dilutions
HRP Diluent	Red	1 vial (23 ml)	Ready to use
Washing Buffer	White	1 vial (10 ml)	200X concentrate. Dilute in distilled Water
Chromogen TMB:		1 vial (11 ml)	Ready to use
H ₂ SO ₄ : Stop Reagent	Black	1 vial (11 ml)	Ready to use

Page 4 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

4. MATERIAL REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Distilled water.
- Pipettes : 10 μl, 50 μl, 100 μl, 200 μl and 1000 μl.
- Vortex mixer and magnetic stirrer.

5. SAFETY

- For research use only.
- The human blood components included in this kit have been tested and found non reactive for HBsAg and anti-HIV. Nevertheless, no known method can offer complete assurance that human blood derivatives will not transmit hepatitis, AIDS or other infections. Therefore, handling of reagents, serum or plasma specimens should be in accordance with local safety procedures, e.g. CDC/NIH Health manual: "Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories" 1984.
- Avoid any skin contact with H₂SO₄ and TMB. In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke or apply cosmetics where kit reagents are used.
- Do not pipette by mouth.

6. PROCEDURAL NOTES/LAB. QUALITY CONTROL

- 1. When not in use, kit components should be stored refrigerated or frozen as indicated on vials or bottles labels. All reagents should be warmed to room temperature before use. Lyophilized standards should be discarded after use.
- 2. Once the desired number of strips has been removed, immediately reseal the bag to protect the remaining strips from deterioration.
- 3. Cover or cap all reagents when not in use.
- 4. Do not mix or interchange reagents between different lots.
- 5. Do not use reagents beyond the expiration date of the kit.
- 6. Use a clean disposable plastic pipette tip for each reagent, standard, or specimen addition in order to avoid cross-contamination; for the dispensing of H₂SO₄ and substrate solution, avoid pipettes with metal parts.
- 7. Use a clean plastic container to prepare the washing solution.
- 8. Thoroughly mix the reagents and samples before use by agitation or swirling.
- 9. All residual washing liquid must be drained from the wells by efficient aspiration or by decantation followed by tapping the plate forcefully on absorbent paper. Never insert absorbent paper directly into the wells.

Page 5 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

- 10. The TMB solution is light sensitive. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. Also, avoid contact of the TMB solution with metal to prevent colour development. Warning TMB is toxic avoid direct contact with hands. Dispose off properly.
- 11. If a dark blue colour develops within a few minutes after preparation, this indicates that the TMB solution has been contaminated and must be discarded. Read absorbances within 1 hour after completion of the assay.
- 12. When pipetting reagents, maintain a consistent order of addition from well-to-well. This will ensure equal incubation times for all wells.
- 13. Respect incubation times described in the assay procedure.
- 14. Dispense the TMB solution within 15 min. following the washing of the microtiter plate.

7. SPECIMEN COLLECTION, PROCESSING AND STORAGE

Cell culture supernatants- Remove particulates and aggregates by spinning at approximately 1000 x q for 10 min.

Serum–Avoid any inintentional stimulation of the cells by the procedure. Use pyrogen/endotoxin free collecting tubes. Serum should be removed rapidly and carefully from the red cells after clothing. For that, after clothing, centrifuge at approximately 1000 x g for 10 min and remove serum.

Plasma-EDTA, citrate and heparin plasma can be assayed. Spin samples at 1000 x g for 30 min to remove particulates. Harvest plasma.

Storage-If not analyzed shortly after collection, samples should be aliquoted (250-500 μ l) to avoid freeze-thaw cycles and stored frozen at -70° C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles of frozen specimens.

When possible, avoid use of badly hemolyzed or lipemic sera. If large amounts of particles are present, this should be removed prior to assay by centrifugation or filtration.

Recommendation: Do not thaw by heating at 37°C or 56°C. Thaw at room temperature and make sure that sample is completely thawed and homogeneous before assaying.

Page 6 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

8.1 Standard buffer diluent10X concentrate

Dilute 10 times with distilled water before use.

8.2 Standards

Standard have to be reconstituted with the volume of standard buffer diluent indicated on the vial. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 10 ng/ml CD117. Allow standard to stand for 5 minutes with gentle swirling prior to making dilutions. Serial dilutions of standard must be made before each assays and cannot be stored.

8.3 Controls

Control vials have to be reconstituted with the volume of standard buffer diluent indicated on the vial. Reconstitution of the freeze-dried material with the indicated volume, will give a solution for which the CD117 concentration is stated on the vial. Allow control to stand for 5 minutes with gentle swirling prior to distribute in control wells. Do not store after use.

8.4 Human serum samples

Before testing, normal human serum samples have to be diluted 10 times in standard buffer diluent.

8.5 Dilution of biotinylated anti-CD117

Preparation immediately before use is recommended. Dilute the biotinylated anti-CD117 with the biotinylated antibody diluent in a clean glass vial according to the number of wells to be used. See the next table for volumes to pipette. Extemporaneous preparations are recommended.

Number of Wells used	Biotinylated Antibody (µI)	Biotinylated Antibody Diluent (μΙ)
16	40	1060
24	60	1590
32	80	2120
48	120	3180
96	240	6360

Page 7 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

8.6 Dilution of Streptavidin-HRP

Add 0.5 ml of HRP diluent to a 5 μ l vial of Streptavidin-HRP. DO NOT KEEP THIS DILUTION FOR FURTHER EXPERIMENTS. Dilute immediately before use. Following the number of wells to be used, further dilutions of Streptavidin-HRP should be made with HRP diluent in a clean glass vial: see hereafter the table for volumes to pipette.

Number of Wells	Streptavidin-HRP(µI)	Strep-HRP Diluent (ml)
16	30	2
24	45	3
32	60	4
48	75	5
96	150	10

8.7 Washing Buffer 200X concentrate

Dilute 200 times in distilled water.

9. ASSAY METHOD

- a) Before use, mix all reagents thoroughly without making foam.
- b) Determine the number of microwell strips required to test the desired number of samples, plus appropriate number of wells needed for running blanks standards and controls. Each sample, standard, blank and control samples should be assayed in duplicate. Remove sufficient microwell strips from the pouch.
- c) Add 100 µl of appropriate standard diluent (see preparation of reagents) to standard wells B1, B2, C1, C2, D1, D2, E1, E2, F1, F2. Reconstitute standard vial with the appropriate volume as described in the chapter reagents preparation. Pipet 200 µl of standard into wells A1 and A2 (see Plate Scheme below). Transfer 100 µl from A1 and A2 to B1 and B2 wells. Mix the contents by repeated aspirations and ejections. Take care not to scratch the inner surface of microwells. Repeat this procedure from the wells B1, B2 to wells C1, C2 and from wells C1, C2 to D1, D2 and so on creating two parallel rows of CD117 standard dilutions ranging from 10 to 0.25 ng/ml. Discard 100 µl from the content of the last microwells used (F1, F2). Alternatively these dilutions can be done in separate tube and diluted standard pipetted directly into wells.
- d) Add 100 μ l of appropriate standard diluent to the blank wells (G1-G2).
- e) Add 100 μl of sample to sample wells and 100 μl of the reconstituted control vial to control wells (H1,H2).
- f) Preparation of biotinylated anti-CD117: (see preparation of reagents).
- g) Add 50 µl of diluted biotinylated anti-CD117 to all wells.
- h) Cover with a plate cover and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature (18°C 25°C).

Page 8 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

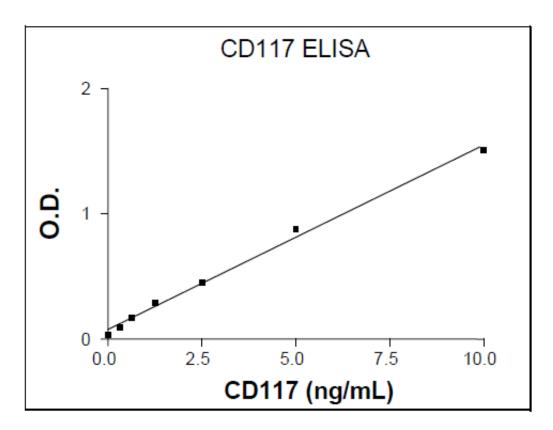
- i) Remove the cover and wash the plate as follows:
 - 1) aspirate the liquid from each well;
 - 2) dispense 0.3 ml of washing solution into each well;
 - 3) aspirate again the content of each well;
 - 4) Repeat steps 2) and 3) two times.
- j) Prepare streptavidin-HRP solution just before use : (see preparation of reagents).
- k) Distribute 100 µl of. streptavidin-HRP solution to all wells, including blank wells.
- I) Cover and incubate 30 min at room temperature.
- m) Remove the cover and empty wells. Wash microwell strips according to step i). Proceed immediately to the next step.
- n) Pipette 100 µl of ready-to-use TMB substrate solution into all wells, including the blank wells and incubate in the dark for 10-15 minutes at room temperature. Avoid direct exposure to light by wrapping the plate in aluminium foil.
- o) Incubation time of the substrate solution is usually determined by the ELISA reader performances: many ELISA readers record absorbance only up to 2.0 O.D. The O.D. values of the plate should be monitored and the substrate reaction stopped before positive wells are no longer properly readable (maximum 20 minutes).
- p) The enzyme-substrate reaction is stopped by quickly pipetting 100 μl of H₂SO₄: stop reagent into each well, including the blank wells, to completely and uniformly inactivate the enzyme. Results must be red immediately after the addition of H₂SO₄: stop reagent, or within one hour, if the microwell strips are stored at 2-8°C in the dark.
- q) Read absorbance of each well on a spectrophotometer using 450 nm as the primary wavelength and optionally 620 nm (610 nm to 650 nm is acceptable) as the reference wavelength.

Page 9 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

	Stan Concen	Standard Concentrations					Sample wells	wells				
	~	7	က	4	Ŋ	9	7	œ	6	10	7	12
⋖	10	10										
œ	2	5										
ပ	2,5	2,5										
۵	1,25	1,25										
ш	0,625	0,625										
ш	0,312	0,312										
g	Blank	Blank										
Ŧ	CTRL CTRL	CTRL										

Page 10 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

Generate a linear standard curve by plotting the average absorbance on the vertical axis versus the corresponding CD117 standard concentration on the horizontal axis. The amount of CD117 in each sample is determined by extrapolating OD values to CD117 concentrations using the standard curve.



Typical CD117 standard curve ranging from 0.312 to 10 ng/mL

Page 11 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

12. LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

Do not extrapolate the standard curve beyond the 10 ng/ml standard curve point. The dose-response is non-linear in this region and good accuracy is difficult to obtain. Concentrated samples (> 10 ng/ml) have to be diluted with standard diluent or with your own sample buffer. During analysis, multiply results by the appropriate dilution factor.

The influence of various drugs, aberrant sera (hemolyzed, hyperlipidemic, jaundiced...) has not been investigated. The rate of degradation of native CD117 in various matrices has not been investigated.

13. PERFORMANCES AND CHARACTERISTICS

13.1 Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose of CD117 is less than 0.095 ng/ml. This has been determined by adding 3 standard deviations to the mean optical density obtained when the zero standard was assayed 32 times.

13.2 Precision

Int	ra-Assay			Inter-Assay

Sample	n	Mean (ng/mL)	SD	CV%	Sample	n	Mean (ng/mL)	SD	CV%
Α	8	5,629	0,34	6	Α	8	5,440	0,43	7,9
В	8	1,231	0,06	4,8	В	8	1,314	0,1	7,6

13.3 Normal serum values

The average concentration of CD117 detected in 87 normal serum is 42.7+/-14.3 ng/ml, ranging from 20 to 100 ng/ml.

Page 12 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

Total procedure length 1 h 45 mn

Add 100 µl of sample or diluted standard or control

Add 50 µl of diluted biotinylated Detection antibody to all wells

Incubate 1 hour at room temperature

Wash three times

Add 100 µl of streptavidin-HRP to all wells

Incubate 30 min at room temperature

Wash three times

Wash three times

Add 100 µl of ready-to-use TMB

Protect from light. Let the color develop for 10-15 min.

Add 100 H₂SO₄

 \Downarrow

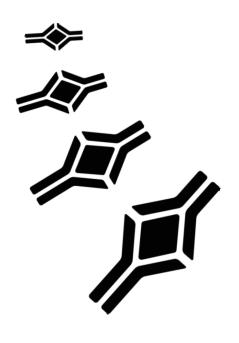
Read Absorbance at 450 nm

Page 13 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

Page 14 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46

Page 15 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46





HEADQUARTERS: BioVendor - Laboratorní medicína a.s.	Karasek 1767/1	621 00 Brno CZECH REPUBLIC	Phone: Fax:	+420-549-124-185 +420-549-211-460	E-mail: Web:	info@biovendor.com www.biovendor.com
EUROPEAN UNION: BioVendor GmbH	Im Neuenheimer Feld 583	D-69120 Heidelberg GERMANY	Phone: Fax:	+49-6221-433-9100 +49-6221-433-9111	E-mail:	infoEU@biovendor.com
USA, CANADA AND MEXICO: BioVendor LLC	1463 Sand Hill Road Suite 227	Candler, NC 28715 USA	Phone: Fax:	+1-828-670-7807 +1-800-404-7807 +1-828-670-7809	E-mail:	infoUSA@biovendor.com
CHINA - Hong Kong Office: BioVendor Laboratories Ltd	Room 4008 Hong Kong Plaza, No.188	Connaught Road West Hong Kong, CHINA	Phone: Fax:	+852-2803-0523 +852-2803-0525	E-mail:	infoHK@biovendor.com
CHINA – Mainland Office: BioVendor Laboratories Ltd	Room 2917, 29/F R & F Ying Feng Plaza, No.2 Huaqiang road	Pearl River New Town Guang Zhou, CHINA	Phone: Fax:	+86-20-38065519 +86-20-38065529	E-mail:	infoCN@biovendor.com

Page 16 of 16 VERSION 51 031011 46